Can we improve restoration success in the Great Basin?

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Restoration in the Great Basin



How can we improve restoration success in the Great Basin?

Putting the pieces together

- Reduce cheatgrass seed production and seed bank
- 2. Select the best seed mix
- 3. Seed at the optimum time, with the best technology
- 4. Use the best post-restoration management

1. Reduce cheatgrass seed production



1. Reduce cheatgrass seed production

- Wild fire
- Herbicides
- Cheatgrass beer brewing
- High intensity, short duration grazing
- Biocontrol
- Take advantage of cheatgrass die-offs



2. Reduce cheatgrass seed bank

BFOD,Pyrenophorasemeniperda

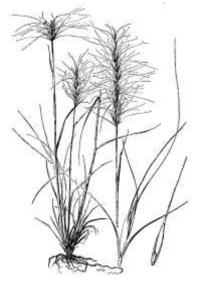


Dr. Susan Meyer, USFS

Dr. Julie Beckstead, Gonzaga University

3. Pick the best seed mix

- Early seral species, best competitors
- Local sources
- Populations with the best suite of traits



Elymus elymoides, multisetus



Poa secunda

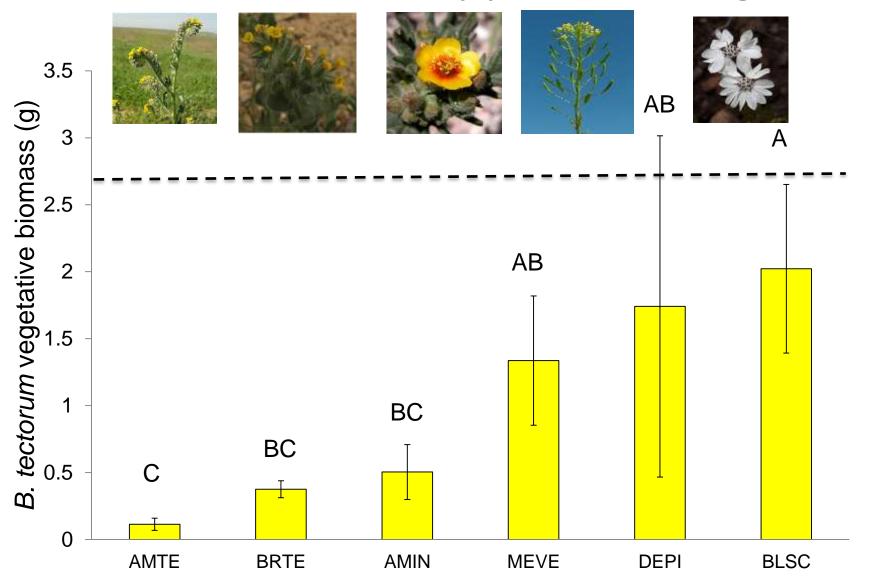


Amsinckia sp.



Ericameria nauseosa

Annual forbs can suppress cheatgrass



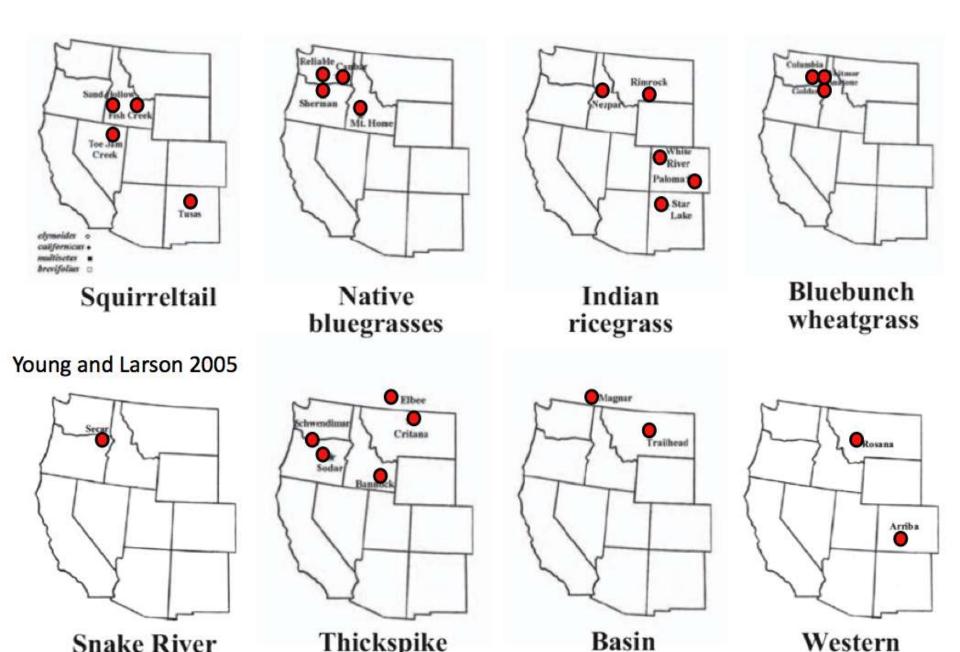
Goergen, Leger, & Forbis; in review

AMTE and **BRTE**





Where do our seeds come from?

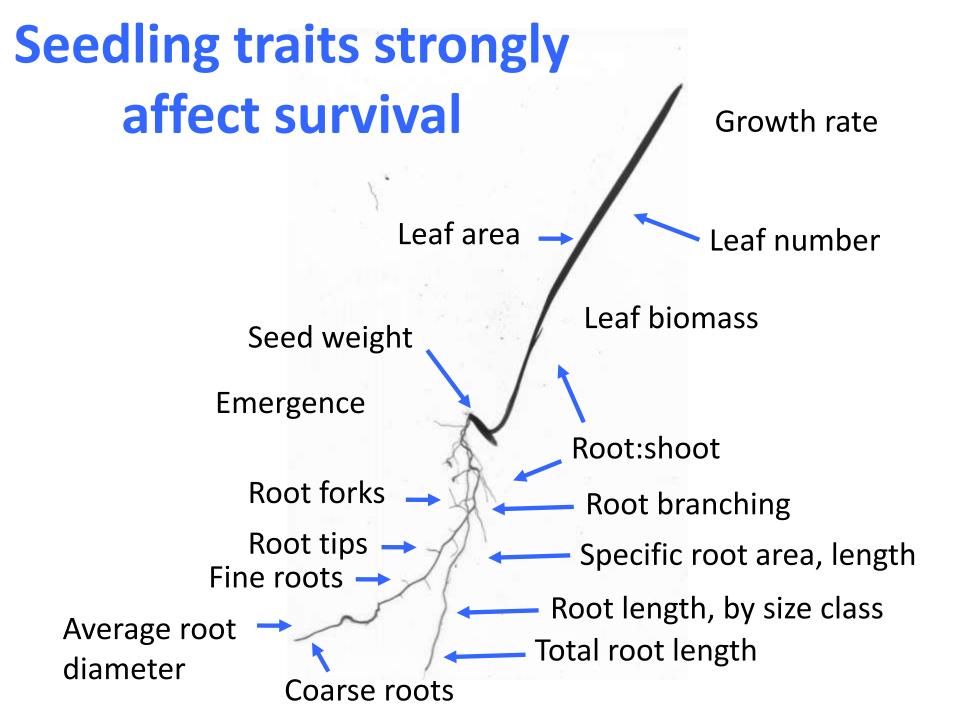


Snake River Thickspike Basin Western wheatgrass wheatgrass wildrye wheatgrass

What are good traits?

Roots...





What are good traits?



- Early root growth (Elymus seedlings)
- Root tip production (Poa seedlings)
- Early germination (seedlings)
- Early green-up (adults)
- Small plant size (adults, seedlings)

4. Seed with the right technology



Seedlings do better with neighbors

Single seedling

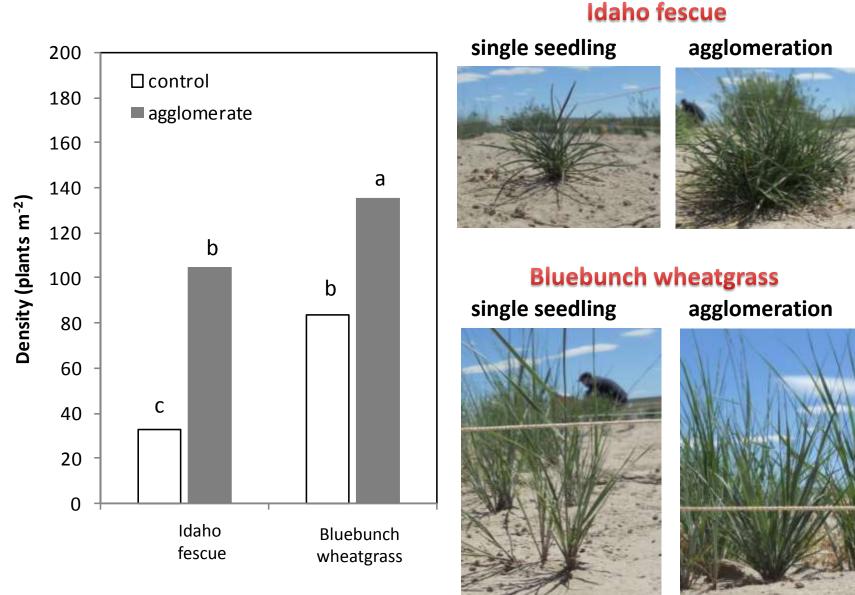


Clustered seedlings



Matt Madsen, USDA ARS, Burns, OR

Higher densities of grouped seeds



Matt Madsen, USDA ARS, Burns, OR



Can we put the pieces together?

- Will require a coordinated efforts among researchers, seed centers, managers
 - Multi-year effort, many investigators!
- May require changes in management practices
 - More expensive, but maybe more effective
 - Seed smaller areas, seeding without fires

